

## Howard National Bank

**BURLINGTON, VERMONT.**  
Capital \$300,000. Surplus and Profits \$300,000.

to every detail of banking no matter how small, by our officers and board of directors, make this a safe bank with which to do business.

ness.

Can we do business with you?

---

F. E. BURGESS, President.  
H. T. RITTER, Cashier.

ELIAS LYMAN, Vice-President.  
H. S. WEED, Assistant Cashier.

---

**CITY TRUST COMPANY**  
(OFFICE WITH HOWARD NATIONAL BANK)

**ARE YOU AT WORK**

on a nest egg? If not, start one now through an interest account in this bank. Interest at the rate of 4 per cent. compounded semi-annually.

---

population in Western Canada has been slight in comparison with the field that eventually must be filled with people, and the political problems that have arisen through the presence here of un-

like minds of Western Canada are taking and overhauling the Imperial institutions which have flourished during a past period of neglect.

Educational reform is not the only

assimilated foreigners are not so great that they cannot adequately be met. The future is, and under present conditions the present is, a question of time, and a warning to Western Canada to take heed of the future. And already that warning has been heeded. The English language must be predominant in the West, and in the future must be recognized in that light by all nationalities. It may, at least, has been determined in the western provinces since the outbreak of war.

The moulding of an educational system which will train the children of all the peoples who come to live in this Western country to be pre-eminently Canadians is the largest and most important problem still before the West. The prairie provinces will be obliged to perform. The Dominion Government must meet the country's greatest need in supplying people to fill the empty places of the West, but the responsibility of Canadianizing those who come here rests upon the provinces. Accordingly, bilingualism will have to be placed in the schools of Western Canada.

For the future, the Dominion Government has had virtuous prohibition since first of July. All hotel-bars were closed in Saskatchewan, and the provincial government undertook to handle the liquor business through a series of public dispensaries. But the existence of those public dispensaries is to be made the basis of a referendum in Saskatchewan before the end of the year.

Woman suffrage has been adopted early in the West within the past months, and certain measures of legislation have also been granted to people of Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, Yukon, and the Provinces of the Northwest Territories. It is regarding the mind of the West, however, that just now, that in the western provinces church union would be

The province of Manitoba has been the first of the Western provinces to take decisive steps in enforcing that regulation. For many years in Manitoba a clause was included in the public school act providing that all the pupils in any school speak the French language, or any language other than English as their native language, the teaching of such pupils shall be conducted in French, or such other language, and English, upon the bilingual system." Under the protection of that clause, and encouraged too often by unscrupulous politicians, the foreigners who settled in Manitoba in very large numbers established bilingual schools at such a rate that at the beginning of this year there were in this province 41 of those institutions, and in one-quarter of the total number of rural schools in the entire province. It was found, on investigation, too, that these bilingual schools were being supported mainly by four different nationalities.

Under the public schools act, however, there was no reason why sixteen other different nationalities, included in the population of Manitoba, should not also have had their bilingual schools. Forty-two per cent. of the entire population of the province was found, is composed of foreigners. Even bilingual training schools for teachers had been established, and gradually a mass of foreign children were growing up without being able to speak a word of English. In January the Manitoba Legislature passed a bill to

act, closed even the bilingual training school, and declared strongly for an English-speaking province. But the evil that has developed will be difficult to uproot, because it extends to the other Middle Western provinces, and only by long and careful administration can it finally be overcome.

In Saskatchewan, although not given the freedom of the law that was extended in Manitoba, the foreigner and his language have flourished. There the Ruthenians are the outstanding foreign race, and they are linked with their brethren in other parts of the West in the Ukrainian movement, which is one of the most powerful propaganda that Canada has to combat. There are, however, no thought leaders there be-

and Mr. Kittredge pulled a physician. Before the doctor arrived Mrs. Kittredge was dead.

When he was awakened Mr. Kittredge found a bottle containing a combination of chloroform and ether in the woman's hand, Mrs. Kittredge having used it when she did not get relief from ether remedy. It is the theory of the physician that Mrs. Kittredge, not getting relief from the medicine which her husband had prepared, secured the combination of chloroform and ether, and began to inhale it when she was a-come, the previous remedy having been to have its effect at the same time. The rumor of suicide was scouted by the physician.

Mrs. Kittredge now lies in the

been born in Saskatchewan, or roughly, about one to every ten or twelve of the total population. They form the majority in 20 public schools, and of that number eighty are taught by Lutherans, the remainder of them by native or foreign training. In addition to the Lutheran, there are French and German schools, and schools where Dutchborders, Poles, and Rumanians prevail. Speaking recently on the subject in the legislature, the capital of the province, Dr. E. H. Oliver, principal of the Presbyterian Theological College, in Saskatoon, said in an appeal for measures of educational reform: "The task that we are set is big enough to require the co-operation of all political parties, and, I am free to admit, a common policy on the part of more than one province."

Following the first convention of the Saskatchewan public education league in Regina, last December, when Dr.

27 years ago, being the daughter of and Mrs. Charles H. Briggs, who reside in Northfield Falls. Besides husband, she leaves a daughter, John, two and two years, and two brothers, Frank Briggs, of Lowell, Mass., and Bert Briggs of St. Albans.

**State Pharmacists to Meet**  
St. Albans, June 5.—The 22nd annual meeting of the Vermont State Pharmaceutical association will be held here. The Tavern on June 26, 27 and 28. Dr. Baker of Brandon is president of the association.

**Bradley Cemetery Association**  
Montpelier, June 5.—The Bradley Cemetery association, Inc., of Fairfield street, with capital stock of \$2,500, has articles of association with the secretary of state. The subscribers

Oliver delivered it address, a policy of co-operation was launched by the educationists of the three prairie provinces, with a view to arranging a uniform system in the schools of Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and Alberta, by means of which the West might deal more efficiently with its foreign problem. This is the time, it is felt, to catch up with the expansion of the continent's school system, and give it new light and life. Since 1906, for instance, a new school district has been created every school

day within the province of Saskatchewan. In 1906, when Saskatchewan was first a province, it had 206 regularly formed school districts, and by the end of 1913, that number had increased to 3,500. It is true that Manitoba has had to provide schools in the past at a rate almost as rapid as that experienced by Saskatchewan. It has been practically impossible with the small number of trained minds available to accomplish the work, to organize a satisfactory system of education in so short a time. But in the present interval, while the nation is at war, the think-

1000